<u>Rio Hondo Regional Training Center</u> <u>Arrest and Control 4410-29503</u> <u>Perishable Skills</u>

EXPANDED COURSE OUTLINE Four hour block

I. REGISTRATION AND ORIENTATION

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	А. В.	Introduction, Registration and Orientation Course Objectives/Overview, Exercises, Evaluation/Testing	III(b)
II.	SAFETY ORIENTATION AND WARM-UP		
	А. В.	Review of Safety Policies and injury precautions Students will participate in warm-up/stretching exercises	
III.	USE C	DF FORCE POLICIES AND LEGAL ISSUES	II(g,j)
	Α.	 Case Law Update, report documentation and policy 1. Tennessee v Garner 2. Graham v Connor 3. Forrester v San Diego 4. Long Beach v Long Beach POA 5. Status of Pepper Spray Cases (Humboldt Co., etc.) 6. Discuss AB 392 	
	B.	Local Policies	
IV.	BODY	Y PHYSICS AND DYNAMICS/SUSPECT REACTION TO FORCE	III(h)
	A. B. C. D. E. F.	 Suspect attacks officer Locking resistance Going limp. (Should not use term passive resistance) Resisting with apparatus (Chaining to objects, using large pipes with arms locinside). Use of pain compliance/pressure point/distraction techniques Mental conditioning for arrest control-Color-coding: 1. White = relaxed frame of mind 2. Yellow = general awareness, minimum level of awareness, uniform 3. Orange - specific awareness, 75%-25% theory, checklist of six (75% on the individual or situation, 25% still on general surroundings) 	

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- a. Check-list of six used on initial approach with subject
 - (1) Hands
 - (2) Cover
 - (3) Weapons/bulges
 - (4) Associates, subjects and officers (resources available)
 - (5) Escape routes, subjects tactical retreat, officers
 - (6) Footing/balance, officer=s ability to stay on his/her feet

III(a)

4. Red = fight or flight

V. PHYSICAL CONDITIONING

- A. Three Biggest Disablers
 - 1. Heart Attacks
 - 2. Lower Back and Knee Injuries
 - 3. Peptic Ulcers
- B. How to Reduce Individual Risk to Above Disablers
 - 1. Nutrition
 - 2. Life threatening physical altercations, 90 seconds of explosive endurance

VI. BODY BALANCE/STANCE & MOVEMENT FROM POSITION OF INTERVIEW AND FIGHTING STANCE III(i)

Footwork Review:

- A. Forward shuffle
- B. Rear shuffle
- C. Normal pivot
- D. Shuffle right and left
- E. Pivot right and left
- F. Progressive pivot
- G. Shuffle pivot
- H. How to fall to the ground safely and assume a fighting position
- I. Access to equipment on duty belt while in a fighting stance and on the ground

VII. SEARCH TECHNIQUES/CONTROL HOLD/TAKEDOWN/HANDCUFFING DE-ESCALATION, VERBAL COMMANDS III(c,d,e,f,k)

- A. Overview on restraint devices and need to double lock and check for tightness 2
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- 1. Suspect cannot be handcuffed due to injuries
 - a. First Aid Suspect injured, wounds, fractures
 - b. Special circumstances (i.e. Pregnant females)
 - c. Complaint of pain should be documented
 - d. Failing to double lock handcuffs can result in injury to suspect and liability to an agency
- B. Unknown Risk Handcuffing techniques
 - 1. Low Profile twist-lock
 - a. Verbal commands
 - b. Twist lock control
 - c. Handcuffing
 - 2. Standing Modified Search, to a rear wrist lock and handcuffing
 - 3. Takedown from standing modified, disengaging, escalating, de-escalating with suspect and movement to more appropriate weapon (impact wpn., chem. agent, etc.) on duty belt.
- C. High risk prone or kneeling, to a prone control and handcuffing.
 - 1. High risk kneeling
 - a. Verbal commands
 - b. Low profile twist lock
 - c. Search
 - d. Handcuffing
 - 2. High risk prone
 - a. Verbal commands
 - b. Prone control
 - c. Search
 - d. Handcuffing

VIII. TESTING/REMEDIATION

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Testing: Any student scoring below standard on any exercise, asIII(b)established by the presenter, will be remediated, tested untilstandard is achieved.